

Research Question How does variation in stormwater infrastructure affect fluxes of water and dissolved nitrogen from urban watersheds?



Study Design

10 nested urban stormwater catchments Vary stormwater infrastructure and scale

Control land use: med density residential



Effects of Urban Stormwater Infrastructure on Dissolved Nitrogen Export from Semi-Arid Urban Watersheds Rebecca L Hale¹, Laura Turnbull², Stevan Earl³, Nancy Grimm^{1,3} a State University, Tempe, AZ 85287, ²Durham University, Durham, UK, ³Global Institute of Sustainability, Arizona State University, Tempe, AZ 85287

LOW

Hydrological Connectivity

HYDROLOGICAL CONNECTIVITY







Engineered washes & Engineered washes retention basins RC ≈ 0.02 RC ≈ 0.25



- Retentive infrastructure decreases average **TDN** loads
- RC drives TDN loads within/across sites
- Infrastructure affects max [TDN] but not EMC

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- inputs



Conclusions and Future Directions

- Stormwater infrastructure systems have the capacity to mitigate or even reverse some of the effects of land cover change
- Stormwater infrastructure strongly affects hydrologic connectivity
- Connectivity explains variability in TDN fluxes and retention across and within sites at event to seasonal scale
- Fate of retained N?
- Transportation vs transformation