

Studying Local Land Use Middle School Students Performing CAP LTER Research

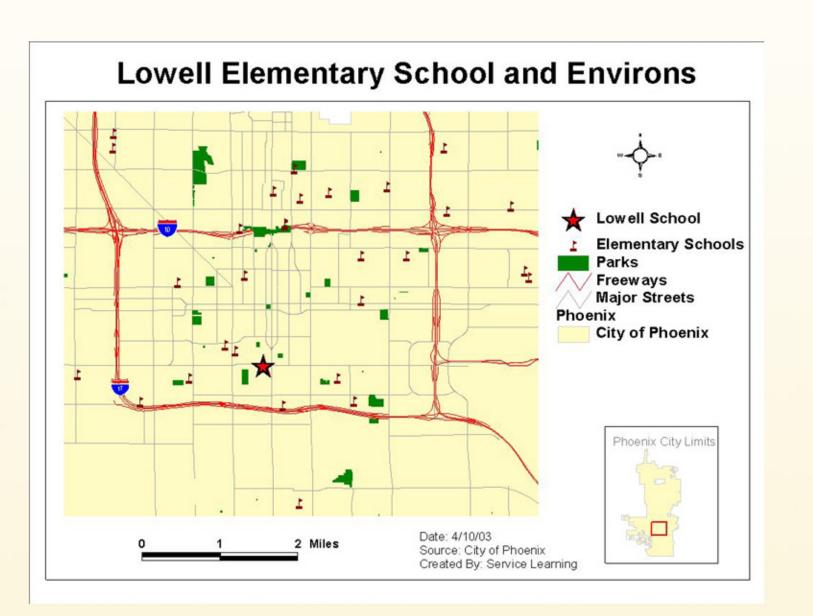


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Project Overview

Lowell School

Lowell School is a K-8 school in Phoenix Elementary School District in Phoenix, Arizona. In the fall of 2004, students in Mrs. Beacom's 7th & 8th grade science class learned GIS and utilized it to study the land use of three areas near to where they live.



Service Learning



The ASU Service Learning Program coordinates a GIS internship which allows ASU interns to travel to Lowell and teach the Lowell students how to use GIS to study their world.

Service Learning is "experiential learning." It uses service to the community to enhance the educational process. For information concerning the ASU Service Learning Program go to: http://www.asu.edu/duas/servicelearning.

AuThenTiCITY



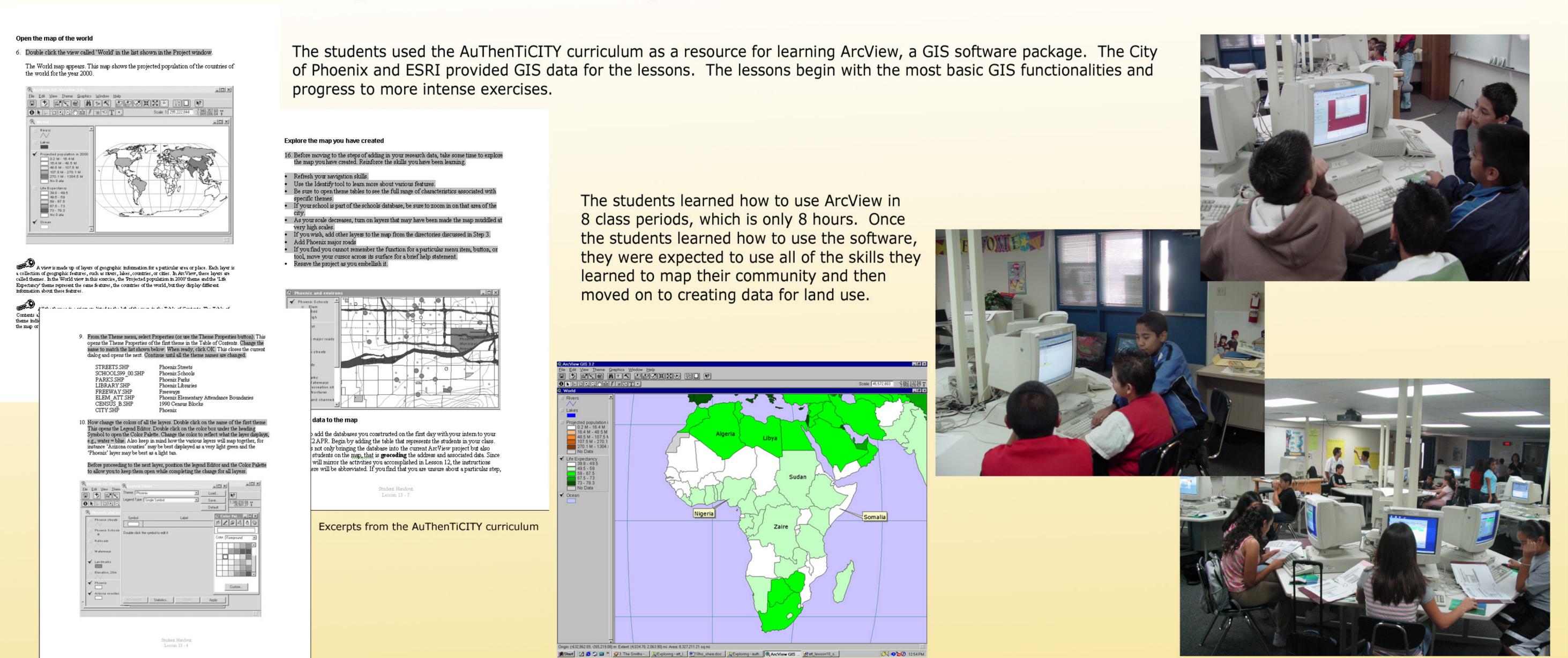
The ASU interns used the AuThenTiCITY curriculum to teach the Lowell students how to use GIS. AuThenTiCITY is a service learning curriculum which incorporates Geographic Information System technology. It is designed to actively engage youth in community problem solving through three modules: Community Awareness, Community Research and Community Action. AuThenTiCITY is sponsored by the City of Phoenix, AT&T, and ESRI, Inc. (Environmental Systems Research Institute).

CAP LTER



The Lowell students based their work on research projects being undertaken by ASU researchers working on the Central Arizona–Phoenix Long-Term Ecological Research (CAP LTER) project. One project is the Survey 200: Interdisciplinary Long-term Monitoring project which quantifies basic ecological characteristics of study areas and monitors long-term ecological trends over time and space. The reseach required using aerial photographs to develop land use data for the past 70 years. The Lowell students used CAP LTER methodolgy to create land use data for areas near Lowell school and then analyzed the changes they found.

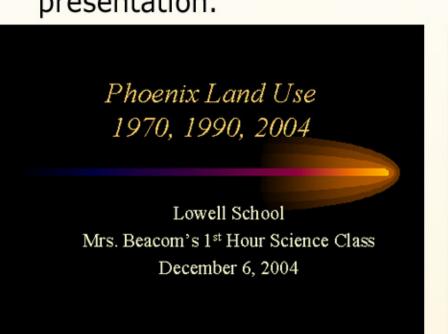
Learning to use Geographic Information Systems

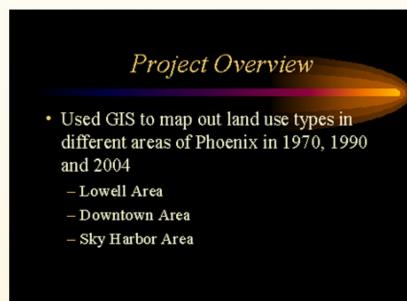


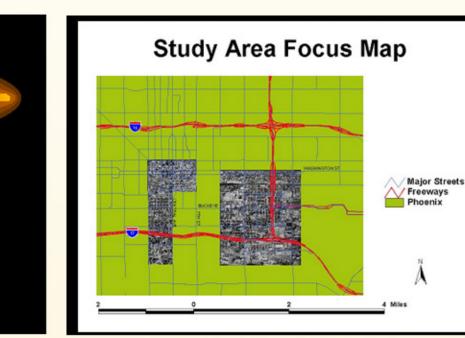
Learning About Aerial Imagery Ecology Explorers: Historical Air Photo Interpretation and Land Use . What were the major changes you observed in your photographs **Background:** Aerial photographs are one way to look at change over time. In the location and see dramatic changes. This activity will encourage you The students used lessons developed by Ecology Explorers Education team to learn how to interpret aerial photos. tudents to think about the process of the changing urban landscape you see the same changes? The activity is based on sites from the CAP LTER 200 Point Survey. To learn more about Ecology Explorers What was the same? Aerial photographs from the several locations taken over time (you can do this activity with just one location, but it is more interesting and to download the lesson, go to http://caplter.asu.edu/explorers. looking at several locations). You can find maps at: What was differen Identify and analyze land use changes over time with historic aerial photographs. Learn to classify different land use into categories. there a difference in land-use over time in areas that were formerly Land-Use Categories (adapted from CAP LTER, MAG, and Explorations desertivs, areas that were formerly agricultural lands? tand out historical aerial photographs to each group ofstudents. Allow he teams to become familiar with the photographs. Use the attached and-use categories to classify the area, or create your own land-use Single-family home: small rectangular buildings with driveways aligned to street lave the students identify land uses in each of the photographs and Look at the various photographs given to you by your teachers. These aerial photographs were taken at the same location over the past 30 gle-family home large lot: small rectangular buildings on large lots (less housing What do you think will happen to this area in the next 10, 20, 30 years? discuss changes. See student handout for questions. Record the land uses for each year. Include under comments any acilitate a discussion about past, present and future trends. Discuss differences among the historical photographs. Are there differences in information you think might be important when looking at the changes. land-use changes in areas that were agriculture <u>ys</u> desert? How have the Businesses: rectangular buildings, larger than houses, grouped along major street Shopping Malls: large, flat-roofed buildings, large parking areas changes affected the lifestyles of people living in the areas? anufacturing: large flat-roofed buildings with loading docks, possibly with loading How has the lives changed of people who lived in this area in 1970 as empared to today? What things would be better? What things Wining: most commonly gravel pits associated with waterways Observation of students, completion of activity Golf Courses: presence of sand traps, grass, small ponds alculate the changes in land-use types over time. eighborhood Parks: vegetated areas, lawns, ball fields, playground, tennis courts Study local historical documents to understand changes in land use Interview long-time residents or a local historian about these changes Desert Parks/Land : desert vegetation, washes, different elevations Identify social and political impacts of these changes on the community Schools: large rectangular buildings, adjacent to fields, athletic track Church: rectangular building, parking lots, along major streets, may see steeple CAP LTER 2000 Land-use category kes/Ponds: small bodies of water (lakes in residential developments/parks) Reservoirs: large bodies of water (Tempe Town Lake) Cropland/Pasture: rectangular fields, machinery, fences Orchards: rectangular fields with trees Vajor Road: multi-lane roads, typically lined with businesses, churches, shopping centers ty Streets: two-lane, dense rectilinear grid patter with residential development

Presenting the Findings to CAP LTER Researchers

The students worked in groups and developed land use data for their study areas. They created maps to help convey their findings and then put their work into a power point presentation.

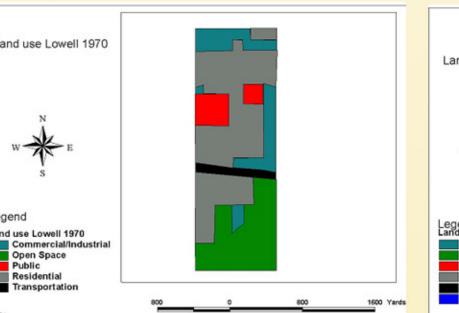


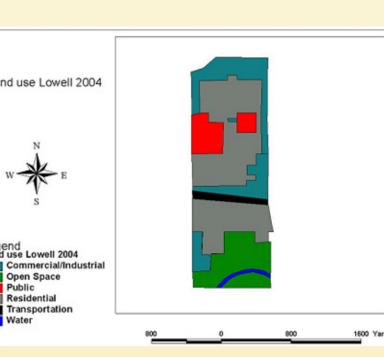










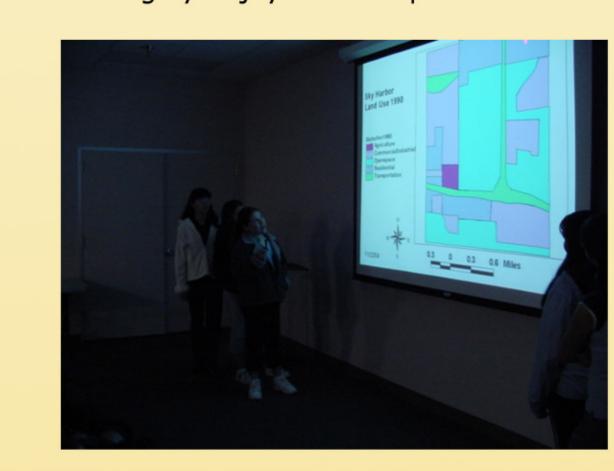




The Lowell students came to ASU on Monday, December 6th to present their findings to researchers from the International Institute for Sustainability. They gave a 30 minute presentation and then invited questions from the audience. The members of the audience had many questions and were quite impressed by the student's work. The Lowell students were proud to be doing such high level work and thoroughly enjoyed the experience.









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